

PENNY POSTAGE PUT IN EFFECT

Two Cents an Ounce on Letters
Between This Country and
Great Britain.

OPERATIVE IN OCTOBER

CHEERS GREETED ANNOUNCE-
MENT IN PARLIAMENT.

London, June 3.—Penny postage between America and Great Britain will become effective on Oct. 1 of this year. The rate will be the same as between Great Britain and her colonies, 1 penny (2 cents) per ounce. Postmaster General Buxton, in announcing this agreement in the house of commons today, expressed his confidence that this reduction would greatly increase the commercial intercourse and mutual good feeling now happily existing between the two countries. The announcement of the postmaster general was greeted with hearty cheers.

Washington, June 3.—Postmaster General Meyer announced today that an agreement had been reached with the British government providing for letter postage of 2 cents an ounce between the United States and Great Britain and Ireland, to become operative Oct. 1, 1908. He stated further that the British postmaster general, Sydney Buxton, was making a like announcement to the house of commons today.

"The matter of 'penny postage,' as it is called in England, has been under consideration for some time and as far back as last July President Roosevelt approved Mr. Meyer's course in urging a 'restricted union with England.'"

Reduction by Postal Union.

On Oct. 1, 1907, the Universal Postal union, which governs the international postal transactions of the various civilized countries, reduced the rate of letter postage from 3 cents a half ounce flat to 5 cents for the first ounce and 3 cents for each additional ounce, which is the present rate between the United States and Great Britain, with which we have direct steamship communication, and is also the rate between the United States and countries with which we do not have direct steamship communication, but on mail to which we have to pay an additional charge to countries through which it passes in transit. Under the articles of the Universal union, however, any two states can form a restricted union. Examples of restricted unions are those now existing which permit a 2-cent an ounce letter rate between the United States and Cuba, the United States and Panama and the United States and Canada.

Will Add to Receipts.

Postmaster General Meyer believes that this reduction in the rate of postage to the United Kingdom will ultimately result in an increase in receipts because it has always been found that a reduction of the letter rate resulted finally in increasing the revenue. He is also of the opinion that a lower postage will lead to a freer commercial intercourse.

Manufacturers, he says, are increasing their sales in England and must rely to a great extent upon the mails for orders and increase of trade. "This will be a great boon to our adopted English-speaking citizens and their connection here, particularly those of limited means, as it will enable them to keep in correspondence with their relations and friends in the old country at domestic rates."

A Lesson in Health.

Healthy kidneys filter the impurities from the blood, and unless they do this good health is impossible. Foley's Kidney Cure mingles the kidneys and will positively cure all forms of kidney and bladder disease. It strengthens the whole system. F. J. Hill Drug Co., "The Never-Substitutors."

NEW TRIAL FOR HOSPITAL

Judge Ritchie Decides Jury Should
Again Pass Upon Gitzhoffen
Damage Suit.

A new trial was granted the sisters of the Holy Cross hospital yesterday by Judge Ritchie in the damage suit brought against them by Frank Gitzhoffen. Gitzhoffen sued for \$20,000 for the loss of his eyesight, due to negligence on the part of his nurses, and he was awarded \$5,000 by the jury which tried his case. In granting the motion for a new trial Judge Ritchie said that in his opinion there was no evidence from which the jury could find the existence of a contract between the hospital and Gitzhoffen to furnish both a day and night nurse. The plaintiff was sent to the hospital by the county, and a day was paid for his care.

The case has been in the courts for several years. At the first trial Judge Ritchie ordered the jury to return a verdict for the hospital, and an appeal was taken to the supreme court, which reversed the lower court and ordered another trial. This trial resulted in the \$5,000 verdict, and now the case will have to be tried again.

McCoy's livery, carriages and light
hivery. Both 'phones 81.

BRYAN INDORSED BY LOUISIANA

Delegates Uninstructed, but
Will Vote for the Nebras-
kan at Denver.

CONVENTION IN MARYLAND

MATTER OF INSTRUCTIONS DID
NOT COME UP.

Baton Rouge, La., June 3.—W. J. Bryan was tonight endorsed for the presidency by the Democratic state convention here. It was decided, however, to send the Louisiana delegation to Denver uninstructed. Both the Bryan resolution and the decision to send the delegation uninstructed were adopted unanimously.

Previously a resolution instructing the delegation to vote for Bryan "as long as his name remains before the convention," had been overwhelmingly voted down. Louisiana will have eighteen delegates at Denver.

The platform, which was adopted unanimously, calls for a gradual revision of the tariff by the Democratic party. It then continues:

"Believing that the revival of the race issue must lead to sectional animosities, we denounce the recent attempt of the Republican majority in congress to revive this issue by its efforts to pass an act intended to reduce the representation of the southern states in congress."

The platform calls for a liberal appropriation for the waterways, and endorses William J. Bryan for president.

The following delegates-at-large were selected: United States Senator Murphy J. Foster, Governor J. T. Sanders, United States Senator S. D. McEnery and Mayor Martin Behrman.

MARYLAND CONVENTION.

Delegates Uninstructed, but Support
Is Pledged to Winner.

Baltimore, June 3.—The Democratic state convention was held today and delegates to the national convention at Denver were elected and a platform adopted. The latter makes no mention of the candidacy of a delegate that he had intended to offer a resolution looking to instructions favorable to Bryan, but another delegate to second the other's motion, though none had been made.

Will Support the Candidate.

The platform promises the candidates named at Denver the "generous and loyal support of the thoroughly united Democracy of Maryland," but makes no suggestion as to who the candidates should be. It demands a revision of the tariff by the next congress, affirms adherence to the doctrine of state's rights and condemns the regulation of interstate commerce under the commerce clause of the constitution, with a view to "relieving the people to the utmost limit practicable from the grasp of the illegal trusts," and declares against government ownership and management of railroads.

The platform was adopted without opposition.

W. R. Ward of Dyersburg, Tenn., writes: "This is to certify that I have chronic constipation, and it has proven without a doubt, to be a thorough, practical remedy for this trouble, and it is with pleasure I offer my cordial reference." F. J. Hill Drug Co., "The Never-Substitutors."

BRYAN'S WEEK OF
SPEECH-MAKING

Continued From Page 1.

loss of control of the issuance of money. The law will not furnish relief. What is required is confidence—the same kind of confidence our Republican friends were demanding twelve years ago. This confidence can be secured, however, only through a bank guaranty fund to protect the depositors against loss in failed banks. The big banks oppose this idea because they fear that if the little banks were sound they would get all the deposits. But this is the only relief, and the system has already been vindicated by its success in Oklahoma."

SUMMER SCHOOL.

Commencing June 1 and continuing for ten weeks, the D. S. Business College will give courses in Bookkeeping, Business Arithmetic, Short-hand, Typewriting, English and kindred subjects. Special drill will be offered in those subjects required for examinations in Civil Service. Tuition, \$10.00 for the term. Send for catalogue.

Dr. J. S. Sharp's office moved to room
267, Judge building.

Make
Your
Stomach
Happy.



Make your stomach happy
with

Shredded Wheat

Biscuit and Strawberries—an
ideal summer food, wholesome,
nourishing and delicious. Con-
tains more real nutriment than
meat or eggs. Better than the
soggy white flour dough of or-
dinary short-cake and more
easily digested. At your grocers.

Always heat the Biscuit in oven to restore
crispness. Two Shredded Wheat Biscuits with
milk or cream will supply all the energy needed
for a half day's work. Try Toasted TRISCUIT,
the Shredded Wheat wafer, for luncheon, with
butter, cheese or marmalade.

CUMMINS LOSES BY 10,000 VOTES

Iowa Republicans Pin Their
Faith to the Aged but
Smooth Allison.

Des Moines, Ia., June 3.—Practically complete returns from the primary election held yesterday show that United States Senator William B. Allison has been nominated to succeed himself, defeating Governor A. B. Cummins by a majority in the neighborhood of 10,000.

B. F. Carroll was nominated for governor over Warren Garst by a majority close to 20,000.

George W. Clarke defeated B. Murphy by 20,000 for lieutenant governor.

J. F. Riggs was nominated superintendent of public schools by an overwhelming majority. The vote on railroad commissioner was uncertain to-night, and further returns will be necessary to determine the result.

Governor Cummins spent the afternoon playing golf, and would make no statement as to his further political plans. There was only one candidate for each of the principal offices on the Democratic ticket.

The Republican nomination for congressman in the Seventh district was still in doubt tonight, the vote being very close between J. A. T. Hull, chairman of the house committee on military affairs, and Judge S. F. Prouty. It will take complete returns to determine the result.

In the Tenth congressional district, Frank P. Woods, chairman of the state central committee, was chosen over J. P. Conner, the incumbent of the office.

Elbert H. Hubbard was renominated for congress in the Eleventh district. The congressional nominees named in the primaries are:

First District—C. A. Kennedy (Rep.), George S. Tracy (Dem.).

Second—N. E. Dawson (Rep.), Mark Walsh (Dem.).

Third—Charles E. Pickett (Rep.), Charles Elliott (Dem.).

Fourth—G. N. Hansen (Rep.), Democrat in doubt.

Fifth—James W. Wood (Rep.), S. K. Tracy (Dem.).

Sixth—N. E. Kendall (Rep.), D. W. Hamilton (Dem.).

Seventh—Hull or Prouty (Rep.), D. C. O. Holly (Dem.).

Eighth—W. P. Hepburn (Rep.), W. A. Jameson (Dem.).

Ninth—L. Smith (Rep.), R. C. Spencer (Dem.).

Tenth—Frank P. Woods (Rep.), Democrat in doubt.

Eleventh—E. P. Hubbard (Rep.), no Democratic nomination.

PARTY SPLIT WIDE
OPEN UP IN IDAHO

Continued From Page 1.

southeastern tier of counties had their car attached to the regular train leaving at 8:45. The Ada, Canyon, Washington and other delegates went away on a special an hour later. Speaking for his own side, Mr. Nugent said, just before he boarded his train:

"There is a precedent of long standing in this state that no contested delegation is entitled to a vote until after the merits of the case have been passed upon by the committee on credentials. This rule was adopted in 1898. This is the first time in the history of the party that the state central committee has even attempted to settle a contest. But Dubois was beaten in this convention, and he knew it. He had to have control, and this was the only way he could get it. He had to seat the Bingham delegation in order to win. We had Dubois beaten, if he had permitted Bear Lake, Oneida and Fremont counties to vote."

Close Squeeze for Dubois.

But Bingham county has only fourteen votes, so that if Bingham had been barred from voting it is doubtful if the state issues in control by the narrow margin of two votes, 134 to 132. It would have been the tightest fight the former senator has ever had, but he would have scratched through.

Confusion From the Beginning.

There was great confusion in the hall prior to the assembling of the convention. Seats had been provided for hardly more than 200 delegates, the total accredited being 288. In addition, several coun-

ties sent alternates, which increased the confusion. John F. Nugent, chairman of the Ada county delegation, protested vigorously from the stage before the convention was called to order. He was seconded in his effort by Glen McKinley, who had been designated by the Dubois people to act as temporary chairman. Finally, at the suggestion of Mr. McKinley, the delegates all left the hall, except the chairman of the delegation. Then the chairmen got together and were requested by Mr. McKinley to help him in securing some semblance of order in the proceedings. Mr. Nugent suggested that the delegations be seated alphabetically on opposite sides of the hall. When the suggestion was put into the form of a motion it was adopted unanimously, after a brief debate. More seats were brought in and a little after 3 o'clock everybody had found places.

Music and Prayer.

After music by bands from Pocatello and Mountain Home, the convention was formally opened by State Chairman Lockhart. Mr. Lockhart introduced Rev. Dr. John Gowley of the Episcopal church, who delivered the invocation. Dr. Gowley prayed that the convention be guided by principles of righteousness and that it stand for principles of personal purity and civil righteousness was constructed by both factions as being in favor of their side.

The call for the convention was then read by Charles E. Arney, secretary of the state committee. Chairman Lockhart spoke briefly in favor of Democratic principles. Mr. Lockhart's mention of the name of William Jennings Bryan was greeted by tremendous applause, the first big demonstration of the convention. Mr. Lockhart then announced the selection by the state committee of Glen P. McKinley for temporary chairman.

Protest of the Antis.

From the anti-Dubois side of the house came cries of "No," no George Erb of Lewiston secured recognition and denied that McKinley had been selected. Erb is a member of the state committee. He said he attended the meeting and that the action indicated by the chairman positively was not taken. The chairman called for the reading of his minutes. Secretary Arney proceeded, after some disorder, to read them. C. H. Jackson moved that the recommendation of the committee be approved.

"Who wrote these minutes?" demanded a delegate. "Anybody can make a record," Mr. Nugent retorted. When nominations for temporary chairman were declared in order, the motion was not even put in the ensuing confusion, but two gentlemen proceeded to place the name of K. I. Perky of the Boise delegation before the convention. Mr. Jackson insisted on a roll call on the adoption of his motion.

Mr. Nugent offered an amendment substituting the name of Mr. Perky for that of Mr. McKinley.

Ravenal MacBeth moved as a substitute that the amendment be laid on the table. Before the roll could be called, MacBeth realized that the motion to table would sidetrack McKinley as well as Perky, withdrew his substitute and moved that the delegates proceed to choose between McKinley and Perky.

Then began the proceedings already described. After the anti-Dubois delegates had withdrawn from the hall, the Dubois men proceeded to elect committees on credentials, resolutions and permanent organization, after which a recess until 7:30 was taken.

Regular Convention.

The evening session was opened by Senator Dubois with a red-hot ten-minute

speech.

He then introduced Mr. Nugent, who

spoke for the anti-Dubois side.

Mr. Nugent then introduced Mr. Perky,

who spoke for the Dubois side.

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skirts has just been received and will be
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Just think of buying fine Chiffon
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hairline stripe Panamas, etc.,
etc., in black, tan, brown, navy, gray
and Copenhagen; also dainty shadow
check effects in black and navy and
many other fabrics to choose from;
all perfectly tailored in new plaited,
gored and flare models; all sizes.
Actual \$7.50 to \$10.00 values.



SCHEMERS COME TO END OF ROPE

Indictments Returned by Federal
Grand Jury at St.
Paul.

St. Paul, June 3.—The federal grand jury today returned three indictments against James L. Lovering, publisher of the Mail Order Monthly and of Successful Agriculture, charging him with using the mails for the purpose of promoting a lottery and a scheme to defraud.

An indictment charging illegal use of the mails was returned against Samuel A. Phillips, promoter of the St. Paul & Seattle Electric railway. Several weeks ago the postoffice department issued a fraud order against several concerns with which he is connected. The indictment returned today charges fraud in connection with the St. Paul-Seattle line.

Martin P. Quigley, cashier of the Wisconsin Grain & Stock company, was indicted on a charge of perjury.

Failed to Award Prizes.

The alleged fraudulent schemes with which Lovering is charged consist of puzzles and prize contests conducted through his papers. The publications, it is alleged, announced valuable articles to be awarded to the successful contestants. It is alleged that Lovering obtained money by announcing the prize contests, but failed to award the prizes.

Samuel A. Phillips is now under a sentence of seven years in the state prison on a charge of embezzling funds of the Hammond company, which was

fringe, and the enactment of any laws that may be necessary for its effective operation, and we instruct our delegates here elected to the Denver convention to vote for the adoption of a plank in our national platform favoring an amendment to the constitution of the United States prohibiting polygamy."

After the alternates were elected, there were speeches by several well-known Democrats, and a resolution thanking the people of Twin Falls for their hospitality was passed. At 1:30 o'clock the convention adjourned sine die.

The Platform.

"We, the representatives of the Democratic party of the state of Idaho, in delegate convention assembled, in the city of Twin Falls, do hereby renew our allegiance to the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none, as taught and practiced by Jefferson, Jackson and Bryan.

"In view of the early meeting of the national Democratic convention at Denver, which will present the platform of our party on all national questions, and implicitly trusting to the wisdom of that body for a declaration of Democratic principles, we forego any extended announcement on national issues.

"We favor the revision of the tariff by men not prejudiced by personal interest; the election of senators by popular vote; the enactment of a national income tax and inheritance tax law; the effective control of trusts, and that federal remedies shall be added to and not substituted for state remedies; the postal savings bank; the guarantee bank deposits as is successfully done in the Democratic state of Oklahoma; the eight-hour day; we believe in the conciliation of capital and labor, and favor every legitimate means for the adjustment of disputes between corporate employers and their employees, to the end that justice may be done to those who toil and that society may be freed from the embarrassments occasioned by prolonged strikes and lock-outs.

"We heartily and enthusiastically endorse the presidential candidacy of William J. Bryan, and instruct the entire Idaho delegation to vote for his nomination at the Democratic convention. We are in the belief that his nomination will insure an overwhelming national victory at the polls in November.

"Believing that it is the providence of our state nominating committee to formulate our state platform, we refrain from an extended review of state issues at this time, but we favor the initiative and referendum in state and local matters, a direct primary election law, an anti-pass law for public officials, an effective grain and warehouse commission law.

"We demand a complete separation of church and state, and denounce any and all attempts at church dictation and interference in political affairs of Idaho.

"We demand the literal enforcement of the provision section 3 of article 3 of our state constitution relating to suffrage."

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HONEST WORK
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Painless Extraction of Teeth or No
Pay. All Work Positively Guaranteed.
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Need a Nerve Tonic?

Of the many such remedies on the market, only one is best. It is **Palmo Tablets**. They soothe the fretful, induce natural sleep, and quickly dispel symptoms of nervous debility, such as failing memory, weak back, dreams, etc.

If you are weak and run down from any cause, and want to look and feel years younger, take **Palmo Tablets**. 50 cents. Book Free. The S. R. Feil Co., Cleveland, O.
For sale by F. J. Hill Drug Co.

For Sale.

One beautiful Emerson upright piano, mahogany case, also player to match piano, with \$50 worth of music rolls. Great bargain to right party. Bell phone 3623-X.

The Best Printing

Is done by The Century. Salt Lake's printers, 165-167 South West Temple.

floating the stock of the New York Chicago Air Line. Phillips represented the company in the northwest. He is out on bail pending an appeal.

Perjury Charge.

The indictment against Quigley grew out of the case against alleged officers of the Wisconsin Grain & Stock company charging the use of the mails to defraud. It is charged in the indictment that testimony given by Quigley before the grand jury relative to this case differed materially from his testimony at the trial.

Sturdy Children

If we want sturdy and strong children we must feed them on healthy food, and eliminate the elements of disease from their dietary.

**DR. PRICE'S
WHEAT FLAKE CELERY
FOOD**

is the one food upon which every cell of the body can be built up, so if the children are allowed to eat it we may rightly hope that they will have sturdy, strong and healthy bodies. Dr. Price's Food is prepared so as to retain all the nutritive value of wheat—palatable, easily digested and assimilated.



When we sell you a suit
of Hart Schaffner & Marx
clothes we honestly believe
that we are selling you the
best clothes that the money
will buy.

We've sold these clothes for years,
seen them worn and worn them
ourselves. That's why we think so.

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